

Banknote Reproduction Conditions

It is recommended that any bank notes or coins are printed in colour as they may not be as recognisable in greyscale.

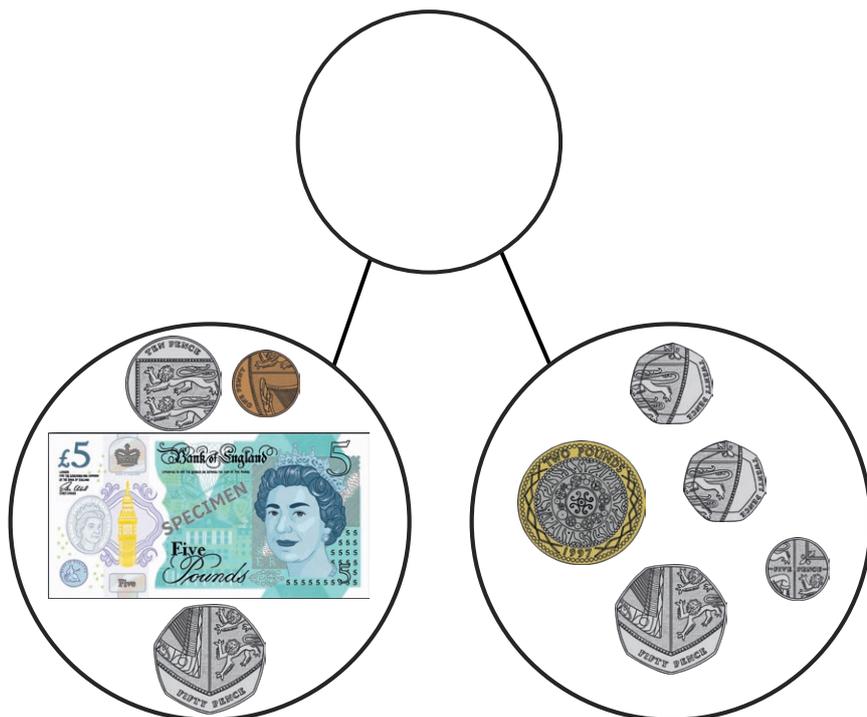
All conditions relate to:

- The reproduction of all or part of a banknote;
- Whether the front or the back of a banknote is reproduced;
- For reproductions of all banknotes issued by the Bank of England whether current legal tender or not;
- For all possible reproductions, including modified or distorted reproductions.

Reproduction Conditions		Physical Reproductions	Digital/Other Reproductions
1.	Reproductions must be one sided only.	Required	Not Required
2.	Reproductions must not be the same size as actual banknotes; they must be at least 25% smaller or at least 25% larger.	Required	Not Required
3.	Reproductions may not appear in an offensive or inappropriate context or in such a manner that the Bank, in its sole opinion, believes would undermine the integrity of the currency.	Required	Required
4.	There should be no distortion to the Queen's image (apart from an enlargement, reduction or slant).	Required	Required
5.(a)	Reproductions must be printed on a material clearly different and distinguishable from materials used to print current series Bank of England banknotes.	At least one of conditions 5 (a)-(c) must also be met	Not Required
5.(b)	<p>Reproductions showing more than 50% of the total surface area of one side must be overprinted with the word "SPECIMEN" unless on a slant of over 20°.</p> <p>SPECIMEN markings must be in bold grey font, at a 45° slant through the centre of the banknote, not less than 1/3 the length and 1/10 the height of the note.</p>		At least one of conditions 5 (b)-(c) must also be met
5.(c)	Reproductions showing less than 50% of the total surface area of one side do not need to be slanted or overprinted with the word "SPECIMEN".		



1) How much money is there altogether?



£ _____ and _____ pence + £ _____ and _____ pence.

There is £ _____ and _____ p.

_____ p = £ _____ and _____ p.

Altogether there is £ _____ and _____ pence.

2) Find the total amount of money.

a)

	£3 and 64 pence

b)

£6 and 17 pence	£8 and 94 pence

3) A sandwich costs £3 and 89 pence. A drink costs £1 and 75 pence. How much do both items cost together?

1) Match the shopping to its owner.



£3 and 65 pence

£5 and 49 pence



£6 and 85 pence

£2 and 75 pence



£7 and 36 pence

£2 and 14 pence



Grace

I spent £9 and 50 pence.

My shopping is in _____.



Polly

I spent more than Grace.

My shopping is in _____.



Finn

I spent less than Grace.

My shopping is in _____.

2) Freddie and Ada have both saved some money.



£12 and 17 pence



£12 and 85 pence

Freddie says they have less than £25. Ada thinks they have more than £25.

Who is correct? Explain your reasoning.

3) Chester bought a drink and a cupcake from the café.

His bill came to £4 and 94 pence.



My bill is not correct.



£2 and 45 pence



£2 and 75 pence



£1 and 99 pence

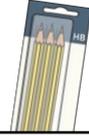
Do you agree with Chester? Explain your reasons.



£4 and
75 pence



£3 and
39 pence



£1 and
12 pence



£5 and
14 pence



£2 and
28 pence



1) Esme has £7.

She wants to buy a book and a chocolate bar.

Does she have enough money?

2) Which combinations of two items could Esme buy with £7?

3) Choose five different items of your own to sell in a shop. Price them with amounts between £3 and £7. Which combinations of two items cost less than £10? Which combinations of two items cost more than £10?
